	NAYS-12.
Agnew,	Imboden,
Browning,	Kearby,
Cranford,	Simpson,
Dean,	Steele,
Douglass,	Swayne,
Goss,	Yoakum.
	ABSENT-4.
Atlee,	Lawhon,
Crowley,	Shelburne.
E	XCUSED-2.
McKinney,	Whitaker.

## SEVENTY-NINTH DAY.

SENATE CHAMBER, AUSTIN, TEXAS, April 12, 1893.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Secretary A. M. Kennedy called the Senate to order.

Roll called.

No quorum, the following Senators answering to their names:

## PRESENT-12.

Agnew,	Jester,
Baldwin,	Lewis,
Cranford,	Presler,
Goss,	Smith,
Hutchison,	Swayne,
Imboden,	Tips.
	ABSENT-9.

Bowser, McComb,
Crowley, McKinney,
Dean, Shelburne,
Dickson, Steele,

Douglass,

EXCUSED-10.

Atlee, Lawhon, Simpson, Browning, Whitaker. Greer, Woods, Yoakum.

On motion of Senator Imboden Senate adjourned till to-morrow morning at 10 o'clock.

## EIGHTIETH DAY.

SENATE CHAMBER. AUSTIN, TEXAS, April 13, 1893.

Senate met pursuant to adjournment.

Lieutenant-Governor Crane in the chair.

Roll called.

No quorum, the following Senators answering to their names:

## PRESENT-19.

Agnew, Jester, Baldwin, Lawhon,

Bowser,	Lewis,
Cranford,	McComb,
Dickson,	Presler,
Douglass,	Smith,
Goss,	Steele,
Greer,	Swayne,
Hutchison,	Tips.
Imboden,	- The second of the second to

ABSENT-4.

Crowley, McKinney, Dean, Shelburne.

EXCUSED-1.

Atlee, Simpson,
Boren, Whitaker,
Browning, Woods,
Kearby, Yoakum.

After the roll call, but before the announcement of no quorum, the following message was received from the Governor:

EXECUTIVE OFFICE, AUSTIN, TEXAS, April 12, 1893. Gentlemen of the Senate:

Herewith I must return to your honorable body, with my objections thereto, Senate bill No. 145, entitled "An act to amend article 566, chapter 2, title 20, Revised Civil Statutes, as amended by the Twenty-second Legislature, chapter 101, page 161," received in the executive office on the 3d day of this month.

The object of this bill is to extend and greatly enlarge the purposes for which corporations may be created and chartered in this State. For the purpose of this message one feature only of the proposed law will be discussed, though it contains other objections of marked importance.

The act proposes to permit corporaof buying and selling goods, wares and merchandise of any description." This would make a radical serious change in mercantile affairs of this State, and, as I believe, would open the door to frauds and swindles without limit. At best, the creation of corporations, except for great public enterprises beyond the grasp of individual effort, cannot be viewed with much favor by those who consider well the interest of the masses. When they are permitted to sever commerce, in all its ramifications, from individual responsibility, then we may expect business integrity, so necessary to confidence and stability in trade, to give way to corporate rapacity, which, in the pursuit of gain, may with impunity ignore all ethics, morals and propriety.

Merchants now have, in addition to their capital, their firm, family and